HOME REPORT

55 Willowbank Wick KW1 4NZ



ENERGY PERFORMANCE CERTIFICATE



Energy Performance Certificate (EPC)

Dwellings

Scotland

55 Willowbank, Wick, KW1 4NZ

Dwelling type: Mid-terrace house
Date of assessment: 31 October 2023
Date of certificate: 07 November 2023

Total floor area: 113 m²

Primary Energy Indicator: 586 kWh/m²/year

Reference number: 7199-1949-3230-2127-8224 **Type of assessment:** RdSAP, existing dwelling

Approved Organisation: Elmhurst

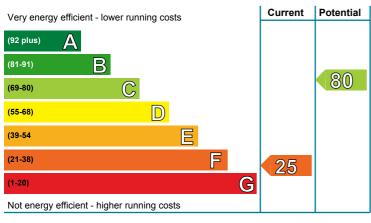
Main heating and fuel: Boiler and radiators, coal

You can use this document to:

- . Compare current ratings of properties to see which are more energy efficient and environmentally friendly
- Find out how to save energy and money and also reduce CO₂ emissions by improving your home

Estimated energy costs for your home for 3 years*	£18,891	See your recommendations
Over 3 years you could save*	£12,153	report for more information

^{*} based upon the cost of energy for heating, hot water, lighting and ventilation, calculated using standard assumptions

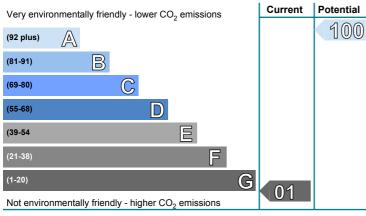


Energy Efficiency Rating

This graph shows the current efficiency of your home, taking into account both energy efficiency and fuel costs. The higher this rating, the lower your fuel bills are likely to be.

Your current rating is **band F (25)**. The average rating for EPCs in Scotland is **band D (61)**.

The potential rating shows the effect of undertaking all of the improvement measures listed within your recommendations report.



Environmental Impact (CO₂) Rating

This graph shows the effect of your home on the environment in terms of carbon dioxide (CO_2) emissions. The higher the rating, the less impact it has on the environment.

Your current rating is **band G (1)**. The average rating for EPCs in Scotland is **band D (59)**.

The potential rating shows the effect of undertaking all of the improvement measures listed within your recommendations report.

Top actions you can take to save money and make your home more efficient

Recommended measures	Indicative cost	Typical savings over 3 years
1 Increase loft insulation to 270 mm	£100 - £350	£630.00
2 Room-in-roof insulation	£1,500 - £2,700	£5187.00
3 Internal or external wall insulation	£4,000 - £14,000	£498.00

A full list of recommended improvement measures for your home, together with more information on potential cost and savings and advice to help you carry out improvements can be found in your recommendations report.

To find out more about the recommended measures and other actions you could take today to stop wasting energy and money, visit greenerscotland.org or contact Home Energy Scotland on 0808 808 2282.

THIS PAGE IS THE ENERGY PERFORMANCE CERTIFICATE WHICH MUST BE AFFIXED TO THE DWELLING AND NOT BE REMOVED UNLESS IT IS REPLACED WITH AN UPDATED CERTIFICATE

Summary of the energy performance related features of this home

This table sets out the results of the survey which lists the current energy-related features of this home. Each element is assessed by the national calculation methodology; 1 star = very poor (least efficient), 2 stars = poor, 3 stars = average, 4 stars = good and 5 stars = very good (most efficient). The assessment does not take into consideration the condition of an element and how well it is working. 'Assumed' means that the insulation could not be inspected and an assumption has been made in the methodology, based on age and type of construction.

Element	Description	Energy Efficiency	Environmental
Walls	Granite or whinstone, with external insulation Solid brick, as built, no insulation (assumed)	**** ***	**** ***
Roof	Pitched, no insulation Roof room(s), no insulation (assumed)	★☆☆☆☆★☆☆☆☆	★☆☆☆☆ ★☆☆☆☆
Floor	Solid, no insulation (assumed) To external air, no insulation (assumed)	_ _	_ _
Windows	Some double glazing	****	****
Main heating	Boiler and radiators, coal	***	****
Main heating controls	No time or thermostatic control of room temperature	****	****
Secondary heating	None	_	_
Hot water	From main system, no cylinder thermostat	***	***
Lighting	No low energy lighting	★ ☆☆☆☆	***

The energy efficiency rating of your home

Your Energy Efficiency Rating is calculated using the standard UK methodology, RdSAP. This calculates energy used for heating, hot water, lighting and ventilation and then applies fuel costs to that energy use to give an overall rating for your home. The rating is given on a scale of 1 to 100. Other than the cost of fuel for electrical appliances and for cooking, a building with a rating of 100 would cost almost nothing to run.

As we all use our homes in different ways, the energy rating is calculated using standard occupancy assumptions which may be different from the way you use it. The rating also uses national weather information to allow comparison between buildings in different parts of Scotland. However, to make information more relevant to your home, local weather data is used to calculate your energy use, CO₂ emissions, running costs and the savings possible from making improvements.

The impact of your home on the environment

One of the biggest contributors to global warming is carbon dioxide. The energy we use for heating, lighting and power in our homes produces over a quarter of the UK's carbon dioxide emissions. Different fuels produce different amounts of carbon dioxide for every kilowatt hour (kWh) of energy used. The Environmental Impact Rating of your home is calculated by applying these 'carbon factors' for the fuels you use to your overall energy use.

The calculated emissions for your home are 220 kg $CO_2/m^2/yr$.

The average Scottish household produces about 6 tonnes of carbon dioxide every year. Based on this assessment, heating and lighting this home currently produces approximately 25 tonnes of carbon dioxide every year. Adopting recommendations in this report can reduce emissions and protect the environment. If you were to install all of these recommendations this could reduce emissions by 24.9 tonnes per year. You could reduce emissions even more by switching to renewable energy sources.

Estimated energy costs for this home

	Current energy costs	Potential energy costs	Potential future savings
Heating	£15,744 over 3 years	£5,457 over 3 years	
Hot water	£2,187 over 3 years	£795 over 3 years	You could
Lighting	£960 over 3 years	£486 over 3 years	save £12,153
Total	£18,891	£6,738	over 3 years

These figures show how much the average household would spend in this property for heating, lighting and hot water. This excludes energy use for running appliances such as TVs, computers and cookers, and the benefits of any electricity generated by this home (for example, from photovoltaic panels). The potential savings in energy costs show the effect of undertaking all of the recommended measures listed below.

Recommendations for improvement

The measures below will improve the energy and environmental performance of this dwelling. The performance ratings after improvements listed below are cumulative; that is, they assume the improvements have been installed in the order that they appear in the table. Further information about the recommended measures and other simple actions to take today to save money is available from the Home Energy Scotland hotline which can be contacted on 0808 808 2282. Before carrying out work, make sure that the appropriate permissions are obtained, where necessary. This may include permission from a landlord (if you are a tenant) or the need to get a Building Warrant for certain types of work.

Do		Indicative cost	Typical saving	Rating after improvement	
Re	commended measures	Indicative cost	per year	Energy	Environment
1	Increase loft insulation to 270 mm	£100 - £350	£210	F 27	(G1
2	Room-in-roof insulation	£1,500 - £2,700	£1729	E 46	G 15
3	Internal or external wall insulation	£4,000 - £14,000	£166	E 48	G 17
4	Floor insulation (suspended floor)	£800 - £1,200	£87	E 49	G 18
5	Floor insulation (solid floor)	£4,000 - £6,000	£215	E 52	G 20
6	Add additional 80 mm jacket to hot water cylinder	£15 - £30	£46	E 53	F 21
7	Draughtproofing	£80 - £120	£262	D 55	F 23
8	Low energy lighting for all fixed outlets	£50	£120	D 57	F 23
9	Upgrade heating controls	£350 - £450	£313	D 61	F 28
10	Wood pellet stove with boiler and radiators	£7,000 - £13,000	£361	D 64	B 90
11	Solar water heating	£4,000 - £6,000	£233	D 67	A 92
12	Replace single glazed windows with low-E double glazed windows	£3,300 - £6,500	£309	C 71	A 92
13	Solar photovoltaic panels, 2.5 kWp	£3,500 - £5,500	£614	C 80	A 100

Alternative measures

There are alternative improvement measures which you could also consider for your home. It would be advisable to seek further advice and illustration of the benefits and costs of such measures.

· Air or ground source heat pump

Choosing the right improvement package



For free and impartial advice on choosing suitable measures for your property, contact the Home Energy Scotland hotline on 0808 808 2282 or go to www.greenerscotland.org.

About the recommended measures to improve your home's performance rating

This section offers additional information and advice on the recommended improvement measures for your home

1 Loft insulation

Loft insulation laid in the loft space or between roof rafters to a depth of at least 270 mm will significantly reduce heat loss through the roof; this will improve levels of comfort, reduce energy use and lower fuel bills. Insulation should not be placed below any cold water storage tank, any such tank should also be insulated on its sides and top, and there should be boarding on battens over the insulation to provide safe access between the loft hatch and the cold water tank. The insulation can be installed by professional contractors but also by a capable DIY enthusiast. Loose granules may be used instead of insulation quilt; this form of loft insulation can be blown into place and can be useful where access is difficult. The loft space must have adequate ventilation to prevent dampness; seek advice about this if unsure. Further information about loft insulation and details of local contractors can be obtained from the National Insulation Association (www.nationalinsulationassociation.org.uk).

2 Room-in-roof insulation

Insulating roof rooms will significantly reduce heat loss; this will improve levels of comfort, reduce energy use and lower fuel bills. If it has a flat ceiling insulation can usually be added above the ceiling, and sloping ceilings and walls of roof rooms can be insulated using an internal lining board. Roof voids must have adequate ventilation to prevent dampness; seek advice about this if unsure. Further information about roof room insulation and details of local contractors can be obtained from the National Insulation Association (www.nationalinsulationassociation.org.uk). Building regulations generally apply to this work so it is best to check this with your local authority building standards department.

3 Internal or external wall insulation

Internal or external wall insulation involves adding a layer of insulation to either the inside or the outside surface of the external walls, which reduces heat loss and lowers fuel bills. As it is more expensive than cavity wall insulation it is only recommended for walls without a cavity, or where for technical reasons a cavity cannot be filled. Internal insulation, known as dry-lining, is where a layer of insulation is fixed to the inside surface of external walls; this type of insulation is best applied when rooms require redecorating. External solid wall insulation is the application of an insulant and a weather-protective finish to the outside of the wall. This may improve the look of the home, particularly where existing brickwork or rendering is poor, and will provide long-lasting weather protection. Further information can be obtained from the National Insulation Association (www.nationalinsulationassociation.org.uk). It should be noted that a building warrant is required for the installation of external wall insulation. Planning permission may also be required and that building regulations apply to external insulation so it is best to check with your local authority on both issues.

4 Floor insulation (suspended floor)

Insulation of a floor will significantly reduce heat loss; this will improve levels of comfort, reduce energy use and lower fuel bills. Suspended floors can often be insulated from below but must have adequate ventilation to prevent dampness; seek advice about this if unsure. Further information about floor insulation is available from many sources including www.energysavingtrust.org.uk/scotland/Insulation/Floor-insulation. Building regulations generally apply to this work so it is best to check with your local authority building standards department.

5 Floor insulation (solid floor)

Insulation of a floor will significantly reduce heat loss; this will improve levels of comfort, reduce energy use and lower fuel bills. Insulating solid floors can present challenges; insulation laid on top of existing solid floors may impact on existing doors and finishes whilst lifting of a solid floor to insert insulation below will require consideration of the potential effect on both structural stability and damp proofing. It is advised to seek advice from a Chartered Structural Engineer or a registered Architect about this if unsure. Further information about floor insulation is available from many sources including www.energysavingtrust.org.uk/scotland/Insulation/Floor-insulation. Building regulations generally apply to this work and may also require a building warrant so it is best to check with your local authority building standards department.

6 Hot water cylinder insulation

Increasing the thickness of existing insulation by adding an 80 mm cylinder jacket around the hot water cylinder will help maintain the water at the required temperature; this will reduce the amount of energy used and lower fuel bills. The jacket should be fitted over the top of the existing foam insulation and over any thermostat clamped to the cylinder. Hot water pipes from the hot water cylinder should also be insulated, using pre-formed pipe insulation of up to 50 mm thickness, or to suit the space available, for as far as they can be accessed to reduce losses in summer. All these materials can be purchased from DIY stores and installed by a competent DIY enthusiast.

7 Draughtproofing

Fitting draughtproofing, strips of insulation around windows and doors, will improve the comfort in the home. A contractor can be employed but draughtproofing can be installed by a competent DIY enthusiast.

8 Low energy lighting

Replacement of traditional light bulbs with energy saving bulbs will reduce lighting costs over the lifetime of the bulb, and they last many times longer than ordinary light bulbs. Low energy lamps and fittings are now commonplace and readily available. Information on energy efficiency lighting can be found from a wide range of organisations, including the Energy Saving Trust (http://www.energysavingtrust.org.uk/home-energy-efficiency/lighting).

9 Heating controls (programmer, room thermostat and thermostatic radiator valves)

The heating system would benefit from a programmer and room thermostat to allow you to set the temperature and programme when you want the heating and hot water to switch on and off; this will reduce the amount of energy used and lower fuel bills. Thermostatic radiator valves should also be installed, to allow the temperature of each room to be controlled to suit individual needs, adding to comfort and reducing heating bills. For example, they can be set to be warmer in the living room and bathroom than in the bedrooms. Ask a competent heating engineer to install radiator valves and a fully pumped system with the pump and the boiler turned off by the room thermostat. Radiator valves should be fitted to every radiator except one – the radiator in the same room as the room thermostat. Remember the room thermostat is needed to enable the boiler to switch off when no heat is required, thermostatic radiator valves on their own do not turn the boiler off. Building regulations generally apply to this work and a building warrant may be required, so it is best to check with your local authority building standards department and seek advice from a qualified heating engineer.

10 Biomass stove with boiler

A biomass stove (also called a room heater) burns renewable fuel such as wood pellets and therefore is less damaging to the environment than the solid fuel room heater in this home. This improvement is most appropriate when the existing heating system needs repair or replacement. Building regulations generally apply to this work and a building warrant may be required, so it is best to check with your local authority building standards department and also seek advice from a qualified heating engineer. Provisions under the Clean Air Act may determine if you can install such an appliance in your area so check this with your local authority. You could be eligible for Renewable Heat Incentive payments which could appreciably increase the savings beyond those shown on your EPC, provided that both the product and the installer are certified by the Microgeneration Certification Scheme (or equivalent). Details of local MCS installers are available at www.microgenerationcertification.org.

11 Solar water heating

A solar water heating panel, usually fixed to the roof, uses the sun to pre-heat the hot water supply. This can significantly reduce the demand on the heating system to provide hot water and hence save fuel and money. Planning permission might be required, building regulations generally apply to this work and a building warrant may be required, so it is best to check these with your local authority. You could be eligible for Renewable Heat Incentive payments which could appreciably increase the savings beyond those shown on your EPC, provided that both the product and the installer are certified by the Microgeneration Certification Scheme (or equivalent). Details of local MCS installers are available at www.microgenerationcertification.org.

12 Double glazed windows

Double glazing is the term given to a system where two panes of glass are made up into a sealed unit. Replacing existing single-glazed windows with double-glazed windows will improve comfort in the home by reducing draughts and cold spots near windows. Double-glazed windows may also reduce noise, improve security and combat problems with condensation. Building regulations apply to this work and planning permission may also be required, so it is best to check with your local authority on what standards need to be met. A building warrant is not required if the windows comply with the current requirements.

13 Solar photovoltaic (PV) panels

A solar PV system is one which converts light directly into electricity via panels placed on the roof with no waste and no emissions. This electricity is used throughout the home in the same way as the electricity purchased from an energy supplier. Planning permission might be required, building regulations generally apply to this work and a building warrant may be required, so it is best to check with your local authority. The assessment does not include the effect of any Feed-in Tariff which could appreciably increase the savings that are shown on this EPC for solar photovoltaic panels, provided that both the product and the installer are certified by the Microgeneration Certification Scheme (or equivalent). Details of local MCS installers are available at www.microgenerationcertification.org.

Low and zero carbon energy sources

Low and zero carbon (LZC) energy sources are sources of energy that release either very little or no carbon dioxide into the atmosphere when they are used. Installing these sources may help reduce energy bills as well as cutting carbon.

LZC energy sources present: There are none provided for this home

Your home's heat demand

In this section, you can see how much energy you might need to heat your home and provide hot water. These are estimates showing how an average household uses energy. These estimates may not reflect your actual energy use, which could be higher or lower. You might spend more money on heating and hot water if your house is less energy efficient. The table below shows the potential benefit of having your loft and walls insulated. Visit https://energysavingtrust.org.uk/energy-at-home for more information.

Heat demand	Existing dwelling	Impact of loft insulation	Impact of cavity wall insulation	Impact of solid wall insulation
Space heating (kWh per year)	30,602	(1,237)	N/A	(847)
Water heating (kWh per year)	3,459			

About this document

This Recommendations Report and the accompanying Energy Performance Certificate are valid for a maximum of ten years. These documents cease to be valid where superseded by a more recent assessment of the same building carried out by a member of an Approved Organisation.

The Energy Performance Certificate and this Recommendations Report for this building were produced following an energy assessment undertaken by an assessor accredited by Elmhurst (www.elmhurstenergy.co.uk), an Approved Organisation Appointed by Scottish Ministers. The certificate has been produced under the Energy Performance of Buildings (Scotland) Regulations 2008 from data lodged to the Scottish EPC register. You can verify the validity of this document by visiting www.scottishepcregister.org.uk and entering the report reference number (RRN) printed at the top of this page.

Assessor's name: Mrs. Lesley Coghill

Assessor membership number: EES/009546

Company name/trading name: D M Hall Chartered Surveyors LLP Address: D M Hall Chartered Surveyors LLP Hope House Castlehill Drive

Cradlehall Business Park

Inverness IV2 5GH

Phone number: 0131 477 6000
Email address: dmhall@dmhall.co.uk
Related party disclosure: No related party

If you have any concerns regarding the content of this report or the service provided by your assessor you should in the first instance raise these matters with your assessor and with the Approved Organisation to which they belong. All Approved Organisations are required to publish their complaints and disciplinary procedures and details can be found online at the web address given above.

Use of this energy performance information

Once lodged by your EPC assessor, this Energy Performance Certificate and Recommendations Report are available to view online at www.scottishepcregister.org.uk, with the facility to search for any single record by entering the property address. This gives everyone access to any current, valid EPC except where a property has a Green Deal Plan, in which case the report reference number (RRN) must first be provided. The energy performance data in these documents, together with other building information gathered during the assessment is held on the Scottish EPC Register and is available to authorised recipients, including organisations delivering energy efficiency and carbon reduction initiatives on behalf of the Scottish and UK governments. A range of data from all assessments undertaken in Scotland is also published periodically by the Scottish Government. Further information on these matters and on Energy Performance Certificates in general, can be found at www.gov.scot/epc.

Advice and support to improve this property

There is support available, which could help you carry out some of the improvements recommended for this property on page 3 and stop wasting energy and money. For more information, visit greeners cotland.org or contact Home Energy Scotland on 0808 808 2282.

Home Energy Scotland's independent and expert advisors can offer free and impartial advice on all aspects of energy efficiency, renewable energy and more.

HOMEENERGYSCOTLAND.ORG
0808 808 2282
FUNDED BY THE SCOTTISH GOVERNMENT



SINGLE SURVEY



survey report on:

Property address	55 Willowbank Wick KW1 4NZ
Customer	Mr Brian Thorogood (Executry)
Customer address	c/o Munro & Noble Bridge Street Wick KW1 4NG
Prepared by	DM Hall LLP
Date of inspection	31st October 2023



PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 THE SURVEYORS

The Seller has engaged the Surveyors to provide the Single Survey Report and a generic Mortgage Valuation Report for Lending Purposes. The Seller has also engaged the Surveyors to provide an Energy Report in the format prescribed by the accredited Energy Company.

The Surveyors are authorised to provide a transcript or retype of the generic Mortgage Valuation Report on to Lender specific pro-forma. Transcript reports are commonly requested by Brokers and Lenders. The transcript report will be in the format required by the Lender but will contain the same information, inspection date and valuation figure as the generic Mortgage Valuation Report and the Single Survey. The Surveyors will decline any transcript request which requires the provision of information additional to the information in the Report and the generic Mortgage Valuation Report until the Seller has conditionally accepted an offer to purchase made in writing.

Once the Seller has conditionally accepted an offer to purchase made in writing, the Purchaser's lender or conveyancer may request that the Surveyors provide general comment on standard appropriate supplementary documentation. In the event of a significant amount of documentation being provided to the Surveyors, an additional fee may be incurred by the Purchaser. Any additional fee will be agreed in writing.

If information is provided to the Surveyors during the conveyancing process which materially affects the valuation stated in the Report and generic Mortgage Valuation Report, the Surveyors reserve the right to reconsider the valuation. Where the Surveyors require to amend the valuation in consequence of such information, they will issue an amended Report and generic Mortgage Valuation Report to the Seller. It is the responsibility of the Seller to ensure that the amended Report and generic Mortgage Valuation Report are transmitted to every prospective Purchaser.

The individual Surveyor will be a member of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors who is competent to survey, value and report upon Residential Property¹.

If the Surveyors have had a previous business relationship within the past two years with the Seller or Sellers Agent or relative to the property, they will be obliged to indicate this by ticking the adjacent box.



The Surveyors have a written complaints handling procedure. This is available from the offices of the Surveyors at the address stated.

1.2 THE REPORT

The Surveyors will not provide an amended Report on the Property, except to correct factual inaccuracies.

The Report will identify the nature and source of information relied upon in its preparation.

The Surveyor shall provide a Market Value of the Property, unless the condition of the Property is such that it would be inappropriate to do so. A final decision on whether a loan will be granted rests with the Lender who may impose retentions in line with their lending criteria. The date of condition and value of the property will be the date of inspection.

To date, Purchasers have normally obtained their own report from their chosen Surveyor. By contrast, a Single Survey is instructed by the Seller and made available to all potential Purchasers in the expectation that the successful Purchaser will have relied upon it. The Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors rules require disclosure of any potential conflict of interest when acting for the Seller and the Purchaser in the same transaction. The Single Survey may give rise to a conflict of interest and if this is of concern to any party they are advised to seek their own independent advice.

¹ Which shall be in accordance with the current RICS Valuation Standards (The Red Book) and RICS Rules of Conduct.

The Report and any expressions or assessments in it are not intended as advice to the Seller or Purchaser or any other person in relation to an asking price or any other sales or marketing decisions. The Report is based solely on the Property and is not to be relied upon in any manner whatsoever when considering the valuation or condition of any other property.

If certain minor matters are mentioned in the Report it should not be assumed that the Property is free of other minor defects.

Neither the whole nor any part of the Report may be published in any way, reproduced or distributed by any party other than the Seller, prospective purchasers and the Purchaser and their respective professional advisers without the prior written consent of the Surveyors.

1.3 LIABILITY

The Report is prepared with the skill and care reasonably to be expected of a competent residential surveyor who is a member of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors.

The Report is addressed to the Seller and was prepared in the expectation that it (or a complete copy) along with these Terms and Conditions (or a complete copy) would (or, as the case might be, would have been) be disclosed and delivered to:-

- the Seller;
- any person(s) noting an interest in purchasing the Property from the Seller;
- any person(s) who make(s) (or on whose behalf is made) an offer to purchase the Property, whether or not that offer is accepted by the Seller;
- the Purchaser; and
- the professional advisers of any of these.

The Surveyors acknowledge that their duty of skill and care in relation to the Report is owed to the Seller and to the Purchaser. The Surveyors accept no responsibility or liability whatsoever in relation to the Report to persons other than the Seller and the Purchaser. The Seller and Purchaser should be aware that if a Lender seeks to rely on this Report they do so at their own risk. In particular, the Surveyors accept no responsibility or liability whatsoever to any Lender in relation to the Report. Any such Lender relies upon the Report entirely at their own risk.

1.4 GENERIC MORTGAGE VALUATION REPORT

The Surveyors undertake to the Seller that they will prepare a generic Mortgage Valuation Report, which will be issued along with the Single Survey. It is the responsibility of the Seller to ensure that the generic Mortgage Valuation Report is provided to every potential Purchaser.

1.5 TRANSCRIPT MORTGAGE VALUATION FOR LENDING PURPOSES

The Surveyors undertake that on being asked to do so by a prospective purchaser, or his/her professional advisor or Lender, they will prepare a Transcript Mortgage Valuation Report for Lending Purposes on terms and conditions to be agreed between the Surveyors and Lender and solely for the use of the Lender and upon which the Lender may rely. The decision as to whether finance will be provided is entirely a matter for the Lender. The Transcript Mortgage Valuation Report ² will be from information contained in the Report and the generic Mortgage Valuation Report.

² Which shall be in accordance with the current RICS Valuation Standards (The Red Book) and RICS Rules of Conduct

1.6 INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

All intellectual property rights whatsoever (including copyright) in and to the Report, excluding the headings and rubrics, are the exclusive property of the Surveyors and shall remain their exclusive property unless they assign the same to any other party in writing.

1.7 PAYMENT

The Surveyors are entitled to refrain from delivering the Report to anyone until the fee and other charges for it notified to the Seller have been paid. Additional fees will be charged for subsequent inspections and Reports.

1.8 CANCELLATION

The Seller will be entitled to cancel the inspection by notifying the Surveyor's office at any time before the day of the inspection.

The Surveyor will be entitled not to proceed with the inspection (and will so report promptly to the Seller) if after arriving at the property, the Surveyor concludes that it is of a type of construction of which the surveyor has insufficient specialist knowledge to be able to provide the inspection satisfactorily. The Surveyor will also be entitled not to proceed if after arriving at the property, the surveyor concludes that the property is exempt under Part 3 of The Housing (Scotland) Act 2006 as detailed in the (Prescribed Documents) Regulations 2008. If there is a potential threat to their health or personal safety, the inspection may be postponed or cancelled, at the Surveyor's discretion.

In the case of cancellation or the inspection not proceeding, the Surveyor will refund any fees paid by the Seller for the inspection and Report, except for expenses reasonably incurred and any fee due in light of the final paragraph of this section.

In the case of cancellation by the Seller, for whatever reason, after the inspection has taken place but before a written report is issued, the Surveyor will be entitled to raise an Invoice equivalent to 80% of the agreed fee.

1.9 PRECEDENCE

If there is any incompatibility between these Terms and Conditions and the Report, these Terms and Conditions take precedence.

1.10 DEFINITIONS

- the "Lender" is the party who has provided or intends or proposes to provide financial assistance to the Purchaser towards the purchase of the Property and in whose favour a standard security will be granted over the Property;
- the "Transcript Mortgage Valuation Report for Lending Purposes" means a separate report, prepared by the Surveyor, prepared from information in the Report and the generic Mortgage Valuation Report, but in a style and format required by the Lender. The Transcript Mortgage Valuation Report for Lending Purposes will be prepared with the skill and care reasonably to be expected from a surveyor who is a member of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors and who is competent to survey, value and report on the Property;
- the "Generic Mortgage Valuation Report" means a separate report, prepared by the Surveyor from information in the Report but in the Surveyor's own format;

- the "Market Value" is the estimated amount for which a property should exchange on the date of valuation between a willing buyer and a willing seller in an arm's-length transaction after proper marketing wherein the parties had each acted knowledgeably, prudently and without compulsion;
- the "Property" is the property which forms the subject of the Report;
- the "Purchaser" is the person (or persons) who enters into a contract to buy the Property from the Seller:
- a "prospective Purchaser" is anyone considering buying the Property;
- the "Report" is the report, of the kind described in Part 2 of these Terms and Conditions and in the form set out in part 1 of Schedule 1 of the Housing (Scotland) Act 2006 (Prescribed Documents) Regulations 2008;
- the "Seller" is/are the proprietor(s) of the Property;
- the "Surveyor" is the author of the Report on the Property; and
- the "Surveyors" are the firm or company of which the Surveyor is an employee, director, member or partner (unless the Surveyor is not an employee, director, member or partner, when the "Surveyors" means the Surveyor) whose details are set out at the head of the Report.
- the "Energy Report" is the advice given by the accredited Energy Company, based on information collected by the Surveyor during the Inspection, and also includes an Energy Performance Certificate, in a Government approved format.

PART 2 - DESCRIPTION OF THE REPORT

2.1 THE SERVICE

The Single Survey is a Report by an independent Surveyor, prepared in an objective way regarding the condition and value of the Property on the day of the inspection, and who is a member of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors. It includes an Energy Report as required by Statute and this is in the format of the accredited Energy Company. In addition, the Surveyor has agreed to supply a generic Mortgage Valuation Report.

2.2 THE INSPECTION

The Inspection is a general surface examination of those parts of the Property which are accessible: in other words, visible and readily available for examination from ground and floor levels, without risk of causing damage to the Property or injury to the Surveyor.

All references to visual inspection refer to an inspection from within the property at floor level and from ground level within the site and adjoining public areas, without the need to move any obstructions. Any references to left or right are taken facing the front of the property.

The Inspection is carried out with the Seller's permission, without causing damage to the building or contents. Furniture, stored items and insulation are not moved.

Unless identified in the report the Surveyor will assume that no harmful or hazardous materials have been used in the construction. The presence or possible consequences of any site contamination will not be researched.

The Surveyor will not carry out an asbestos inspection, and will not be acting as an asbestos inspector in completing a Single Survey of properties that may fall within the Control of Asbestos in the Workplace Regulations. In the case of flats it will be assumed that there is a duty holder, as defined in the Regulations and that a Register of Asbestos and effective Management Plan is in place, which does not require any expenditure, or pose a significant risk to health. No enquiry of the duty holder will be made.

2.3 THE REPORT

The Report will be prepared by the Surveyor who carried out the property inspection and will describe various aspects of the property as defined by the headings of the Single Survey report with the comments being general and unbiased. The report on the location, style and condition of the property, will be concise and will be restricted to matters that could have a material effect upon value and will omit items that, in the Surveyor's opinion, are not significant. If certain minor matters are mentioned, it should not be interpreted that the property is free of any other minor defects.

Throughout the report, the following repair categories will be used to give an overall opinion of the state of repair and condition of the property.

- Category 3: Urgent repairs or replacement are needed now. Failure to deal with them may cause problems to other parts of the property or cause a safety hazard. Estimates for repairs or replacement are needed now.
- 2. Category 2: Repairs or replacement requiring future attention, but estimates are still advised.
- 3. Category 1: No immediate action or repair is needed.

WARNING:

If left unattended, even for a relatively short period, Category 2 repairs can rapidly develop into more serious Category 3 repairs. The existence of Category 2 or Category 3 repairs may have an adverse effect on marketability, value and the sale price ultimately achieved for the property. This is particularly true during slow market conditions when the effect can be considerable.

Parts of the property, which cannot be seen or accessed, will not be reported upon and this will be stated. If the Surveyor suspects that a defect may exist within an unexposed area and which could have a material effect upon the value, he may recommend further investigation by specialist contractors.

2.4 SERVICES

Surveyors are not equipped or qualified to test the services and therefore no comment can be interpreted as implying that the design, installation and function of the services are in accordance/compliance with regulations, safety and efficiency expectations. However, comment is made where there is cause to suspect significant defects or shortcomings with the installations. No tests are made of any services or appliances.

2.5 ACCESSIBILITY

A section is included to help identify the basic information interested parties need to know to decide whether to view a property.

2.6 ENERGY REPORT

A section is included that makes provision for an Energy Report, relative to the property. The Surveyor will collect physical data from the property and provide such data in a format required by an accredited Energy Company. The Surveyor cannot of course accept liability for any advice given by the Energy Company.

2.7 VALUATION AND CONVEYANCER ISSUES

The last section of the Report contains matters considered relevant to the Conveyancer (Solicitor). It also contains the Surveyor's opinion both of the market value of the property and of the re-instatement cost, as defined below.

"Market Value" is the estimated amount for which a property should exchange on the date of valuation between a willing buyer and a willing seller in an arm's-length transaction after proper marketing wherein the parties had each acted knowledgeably, prudently and without compulsion. In arriving at the opinion of the Market Value, the Surveyor also makes various standard assumptions covering, for example, vacant possession; tenure and other legal considerations; contamination and hazardous materials; the condition of un-inspected parts; the right to use mains services; and the exclusion of curtains, carpets etc. from the valuation. In the case of flats, the following further assumptions are made that:

- There are rights of access and exit over all communal roadways, corridors, stairways etc. and to use communal grounds, parking areas, and other facilities;
- There are no particularly troublesome or unusual legal restrictions;
- There is no current dispute between the occupiers of the flats or any outstanding claims or losses; and the costs of repairs to the building are shared among the co-proprietors on an equitable basis.

Any additional assumption, or any found not to apply, is reported.

"Re-instatement cost" is an estimate for insurance purposes of the current cost of rebuilding the Property in its present form unless otherwise stated. This includes the cost of rebuilding the garage and permanent outbuildings, site clearance and professional fees, but excludes VAT (except on the fees).

Sellers or prospective Purchasers may consider it prudent to instruct a reinspection and revaluation after a period of 12 weeks (or sooner if appropriate) to reflect changing circumstances in the market and/or in the physical condition of the Property.

1. Information and scope of inspection

This section tells you about the type, accommodation, neighbourhood, age and construction of the property. It also tells you about the extent of the inspection and highlights anything that the surveyor could not inspect.

All references to visual inspection refer to an inspection from within the property without moving any obstructions and externally from ground level within the site and adjoining public areas. Any references to left or right in a description of the exterior of the property refer to the view of someone standing facing that part of the property from the outside.

The inspection is carried out without causing damage to the building or its contents and without endangering the occupiers or the surveyor. Heavy furniture, stored items and insulation are not moved. Unless identified in the report the surveyor will assume that no harmful or hazardous materials or techniques have been used in the construction. The presence or possible consequences of any site contamination will not be researched.

Services such as TV/cable connection, internet connection, swimming pools and other leisure facilities etc. will not be inspected or reported on.

Description	A mid terraced two storey and attic floor dwelling house.
Accommodation	GROUND FLOOR:- Entrance Porch, Hall, Kitchen and Living Room/Dining Room. FIRST FLOOR:- Landing, Two Bedrooms and Bathroom. SECOND FLOOR:- Landing and Two Bedrooms.
Gross internal floor area (m²)	113 square metres or thereby.
Neighbourhood and location	The property is situated in a well established residential area to the north of the coastal town of Wick where all main amenities are available.
Age	100+ years.
Weather	Dry and breezy following a period of mixed weather.
Chimney stacks	Visually inspected with the aid of binoculars where appropriate. The chimney heads are of stonework construction externally pointed and rendered.
Roofing including roof space	Sloping roofs were visually inspected with the aid of binoculars where appropriate. Flat roofs were visually inspected from vantage points within the property and where safe and reasonable to do so from a 3m ladder externally. Roof spaces were visually inspected and were entered where there was safe and reasonable access, normally defined as being from a 3m ladder within the property.

	If this is not possible, then physical access to the roof space may be taken by other means if the Surveyor deems it safe and reasonable to do so.
	The roof is pitched and clad in concrete tiles with a tiled ridge.
	There is a flat, felt clad roof to the rear porch.
Rainwater fittings	Visually inspected with the aid of binoculars where appropriate.
	Rainwater goods are of PVC manufacture.
Main walls	Visually inspected with the aid of binoculars where appropriate.
	Foundations and concealed parts were not exposed or inspected.
	The property is of solid stonework construction, externally insulated with a roughcast finish.
Windows, external doors and joinery	Internal and external doors were opened and closed where keys were available.
	Random windows were opened and closed where possible.
	Doors and windows were not forced open.
	The majority of windows are of a timber framed single glazed design. There are Velux units at the attic floor level. The external door is of a timber design.
External decorations	Visually inspected.
	There is a paintwork finish to external timber items.
	There is a paintwent inner to external timber items.
Conservatories / porches	Visually inspected.
	There is a single storey porch to the rear of the property. This is of brickwork construction under a flat, felt clad roof.
Communal areas	Circulation areas visually inspected.
	There is a shared pend to the side of the property.
Garages and permanent outbuildings	Not applicable.

Outside areas and boundaries	Visually inspected.
	There are adequate sized garden grounds to the rear of the property mainly laid to grass with paved areas. Boundaries are formed in walls.
Ceilings	Visually inspected from floor level.
	Plasterboard or lath and plaster design with decorative finishes.
Internal walls	Visually inspected from floor level.
	Using a moisture meter, walls were randomly tested for dampness where considered appropriate.
	Partitions are of timber stud construction, lined in plasterboard or lath and plaster with decorative finishes.
Floors including sub floors	Surfaces of exposed floors were visually inspected. No carpets or floor coverings were lifted.
	Sub-floor areas were inspected only to the extent visible from a readily accessible and unfixed hatch by way of an inverted "head and shoulders" inspection at the access point.
	Physical access to the sub floor area may be taken if the Surveyor deems it is safe and reasonable to do so, and subject to a minimum clearance of 1m between the underside of floor joists and the solum as determined from the access hatch.
	Flooring is of solid concrete and suspended timber construction, assumed to be overlaid on timber joists. Floors were all covered.
Internal joinery and kitchen fittings	Built-in cupboards were looked into but no stored items were moved.
	Kitchen units were visually inspected excluding appliances.
	The internal joinery finishes are of a traditional timber design. There are staircases linking ground, first and attic floor levels. Kitchen fittings comprise floor and wall mounted units incorporating a stainless steel sink unit.
Chimney breasts and fireplaces	Visually inspected.
Omminey breasts and meplaces	
	No testing of the flues or fittings was carried out.
	There is an open fireplace within the living room. It is understood that this is fitted with a back boiler, serving the central heating system.

Internal decorations	Visually inspected.
	There are wallpaper and paintwork finishes throughout.
Cellars	Visually inspected where there was a safe and purpose-built access.
	Not applicable.
Electricity	Accessible parts of the wiring were visually inspected without removing fittings. No tests whatsoever were carried out to the system or appliances. Visual inspection does not assess any services to make sure they work properly and efficiently and meet modern standards. If any services are turned off, the surveyor will state that in the report and will not turn them on.
	Mains supply. The meter and fuse box are located within the hall.
Gas	No mains supply.
Water, plumbing, bathroom fittings	Visual inspection of the accessible pipework, water tanks, cylinders and fittings without removing any insulation.
	No tests whatsoever were carried out to the system or appliances.
	Mains supply. Plumbers pipework, where visible, is of PVC and copper materials. Bathroom fittings comprise a bath, WC and wash hand basin.
Heating and hot water	Accessible parts of the system were visually inspected apart from communal systems, which were not inspected.
	No tests whatsoever were carried out to the system or appliances.
	Space heating is provided by means of a solid fuel central heating system to radiators. This is understood to be fired from a back boiler at the fireplace within the living room. There is a factory insulated hot water cylinder located within a bedroom cupboard serving the hot water supply.
Drainage	Drainage covers etc. were not lifted.
	Neither drains nor drainage systems were tested.
	Drainage is connected to the main public sewer.

Fire, smoke and burglar alarms

Visually inspected.

No tests whatsoever were carried out to the system or appliances.

Legislation by the Scottish Government, which took effect from February 2022, requires all residential properties to have a system of inter-linked smoke alarms and heat detectors. Carbon monoxide detectors are also required where appropriate. Purchasers should appraise themselves of the requirements of this legislation, and engage with appropriately accredited contractors to ensure compliance.

Any additional limits to inspection

Parts of the property, which are covered, unexposed or inaccessible, cannot be guaranteed to be free from defect.

I have not carried out an inspection for Japanese Knotweed and unless otherwise stated, for the purposes of the valuation I have assumed that there is no Japanese Knotweed or other invasive plants within the boundaries of the property or in neighbouring properties.

The report does not include an asbestos inspection. However asbestos was widely used in the building industry until around 2000, when it became a banned substance. If the possibility of asbestos based products has been reported within the limitations of the inspection and you have concerns you should engage a qualified asbestos surveyor.

Random testing for dampness was undertaken internally with the use of a moisture meter where accessible and considered appropriate.

The property was unoccupied, unfurnished and some floors were covered. Floor coverings restricted my inspection of flooring.

In accordance with Health and Safety guidelines I have not disturbed insulation, furniture or personal effects (particularly in cupboards). Floor coverings have not been moved.

My physical inspection of the roof void area was restricted due to the hatch size and a lack of suitable crawl boards. As a result the roof void area was only viewed from the access hatch.

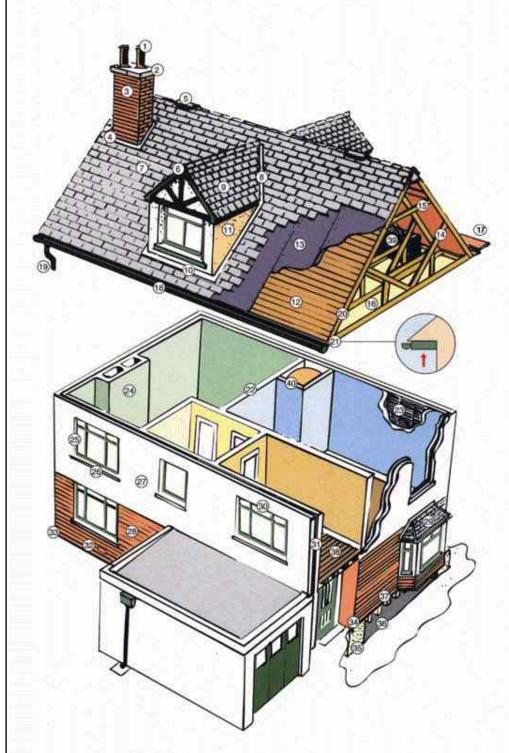
I was not able to inspect the sub floor area.

Concealed areas beneath and around bath/shower trays were not visible. Water spillage in these areas can often be discovered unexpectedly with resultant damage to concealed parts of the fabric.

The inspection is not a fire or life safety risk assessment and should not be relied on as a risk assessment inspection. Further advice should be sought if a specific risk assessment of the property and building that it forms part of is required.

Where repairs are required at height compliance with Health and Safety legislation often requires the use of scaffolding which can significantly impact on the cost of repair. Pricing repairs is out with the remit of this report but it would be prudent to consider costs and budgeting before offering. The various trades can advise further.

Sectional Diagram showing elements of a typical house



Reference may be made in this report to some or all of the above component parts of the property. This diagram may assist you in locating and understanding these items.

- 1 Chimney pots
- (2) Coping stone
- 3) Chimney head
- 4) Flashing
- (5) Ridge ventilation
- 6) Ridge board
- 7) Slates / tiles
- (8) Valley guttering
- 9) Dormer projection
- 10 Dormer flashing
- 11 Dormer cheeks
- (12) Sarking
- (13) Roof felt
- (14) Trusses
- 15) Collar
- (16) Insulation
- 7) Parapet gutter
- 18) Eaves guttering
- 19) Rainwater downpipe
- 0) Verge boards /skews
- 21) Soffit boards
- 22) Partition wall
- 23) Lath / plaster
- 24) Chimney breast
- 25) Window pointing
- (26) Window sills
- (27) Rendering
- (28) Brickwork / pointing
- (29) Bay window projection
- (30) Lintels
- (31) Cavity walls / wall ties
- 32) Subfloor ventilator
- 33) Damp proof course
- 34) Base course
- 35) Foundations
- (36) Solum
- 37 Floor joists
- 38) Floorboards
- 9) Water tank
- 10) Hot water tank

2. Condition

This section identifies problems and tells you about the urgency of any repairs by using one of the following three categories:

Category 3	Category 2	Category 1
	Repairs or replacement requiring future attention, but estimates are still advised.	

Structural movement	
Repair category	1
Notes	The property has been affected by previous movement but within the limitations of the inspection there was no evidence to suggest that this is ongoing.

Dampness, rot and infestation	
Repair category	2
Notes	Evidence of dampness noted to several rooms within the property. There is a possibility of further defects being present in underlying areas which I have not been unable to access and inspect. A damp specialist contractor should be consulted for further advice on repairs required. Woodworm noted to roof timbers and floors. Checks should be made to establish whether treatment works have been carried out in the past and if a transferable guarantee exists.

Chimney stacks	
Repair category	2
Notes	Open pointing evident to chimney stack. Chimney stacks should be cleared of vegetation.

Roofing including roof space	
Repair category	2
Notes	Concrete tiles are typically guaranteed for 30 years but have a reasonable life expectation around 50/60 years according to the BRE. Life expectancy will often depend on weathering and damage from the prevailing weather. A reputable roofing contractor can advise on life expectancy and repair/replacement costs. Flat felt roofing has a limited life expectancy and can fail without warning. Inspection at close quarters may reveal further deterioration/damage to roofing

materials, especially where these are original. A reputable roofing contractor will be able to provide further advice.
Woodworm noted to roof timbers. Checks should be made to establish whether treatment works have been carried out in the past and if a transferable guarantee exists.

Rainwater fittings	
Repair category	2
Notes	Fittings should be cleared of vegetation and debris.

Main walls	
Repair category	1
Notes	Weathering evident to roughcast to front elevation.

Windows, external doors and joinery	
Repair category	2
Notes	Wet rot evident to some window frames. Repair or replacement works will be required.
	Misting evident to a skylight at attic floor level which is indicative of seal failure.

External decorations	
Repair category	2
Notes	External timber items will require maintenance.

Conservatories/porches	
Repair category	2
Notes	Flat roofing has a limited life expectancy and can fail without warning. Inspection at close quarters may reveal further deterioration/damage to roofing materials, especially where these are original. A reputable roofing contractor will be able to provide further advice.
	Deterioration evident to window frames/timbers. Cracking to glazing to entrance door.
	Please see 'Dampness, Rot and Infestation' for information regarding dampness found within the property.

Communal areas	
Repair category	1
Notes	No significant defects evident.

Garages and permanent outbuildings	
Repair category	-
Notes	Not applicable.

Outside areas and boundaries	
Repair category	2
Notes	Trees to the rear of the dwelling require attention to ensure no damage is caused to the property, boundaries or services. Cracking evident to boundary walls.

Ceilings	
Repair category	2
Notes	Please see 'Dampness, Rot and Infestation' section.

Internal walls	
Repair category	2
Notes	Please see 'Dampness, Rot and Infestation' section.

Floors including sub-floors	
Repair category	2
Notes	Loose and uneven flooring noted. This should be investigated further when floor coverings are lifted.
	Woodworm noted to areas of flooring. Checks should be made to establish whether treatment works have been carried out in the past and if a transferable guarantee exists.
	It is not unusual to discover areas of past water spillage when floor coverings are removed in kitchen and bathroom compartments, revealing the need for further repair and maintenance work.

Internal joinery and kitchen fittings	
Repair category	2
Notes	Wear and tear evident to internal joinery finishes. The kitchen fittings are of an older style and some consideration may be given to their upgrade.

Chimney breasts and fireplaces	
Repair category	2
Notes	Flues should ideally be swept and tested on an annual basis.

Internal decorations	
Repair category	2
Notes	Areas of affected by dampness will require attention.

Cellars	
Repair category	-
Notes	Not applicable.

Electricity	
Repair category	2
Notes	It is recommended that all electrical installations be checked every five years or on change of ownership to keep up to date with frequent changes in Safety Regulations. Further advice will be available from a qualified NICEIC/ SELECT registered Contractor. It should be appreciated that only recently constructed or rewired properties will have installations which fully comply with IET regulations. Parts of the electrical system are dated.

Gas	
Repair category	-
Notes	Not applicable.

Water, plumbing and bathroom fittings		
Repair category	2	
Notes	Wear and tear evident to bathroom fittings.	

Heating and hot water		
Repair category	2	
Notes	It is assumed that the heating and hot water systems have been properly serviced and maintained on a regular basis and installed in accordance with the relevant regulations. Boilers and central heating systems should be tested and serviced by a HEATAS registered engineer on an annual basis to ensure their safe and efficient operation. The central heating boiler is of an older design. Informed opinion suggests that boilers have a life expectancy between 10 and 20 years depending on the quality of the boiler and whether or not regular maintenance has been carried out. Future repair or replacement should be anticipated.	

Drainage	
Repair category	1
Notes	No significant defects evident.

Set out below is a summary of the condition of the property which is provided for reference only. You should refer to the previous comments for detailed information.

Structural movement	1
Dampness, rot and infestation	2
Chimney stacks	2
Roofing including roof space	2
Rainwater fittings	2
Main walls	1
Windows, external doors and joinery	2
External decorations	2
Conservatories/porches	2
Communal areas	1
Garages and permanent outbuildings	-
Outside areas and boundaries	2
Ceilings	2
Internal walls	2
Floors including sub-floors	2
Internal joinery and kitchen fittings	2
Chimney breasts and fireplaces	2
Internal decorations	2
Cellars	-
Electricity	2
Gas	-
Water, plumbing and bathroom fittings	2
Heating and hot water	2
Drainage	1

Category 3

Urgent repairs or replacement are needed now. Failure to deal with them may cause problems to other parts of the property or cause a safety hazard. Estimates for repairs or replacement are needed now.

Category 2

Repairs or replacement requiring future attention, but estimates are still advised.

Category 1

No immediate action or repair is needed.

Remember

The cost of repairs may influence the amount someone is prepared to pay for the property. We recommend that relevant estimates and reports are obtained in your own name.

Warning

If left unattended, even for a relatively short period, Category 2 repairs can rapidly develop into more serious Category 3 repairs. The existence of Category 2 or Category 3 repairs may have an adverse effect on marketability, value and the sale price ultimately achieved for the property. This is particularly true during slow market conditions where the effect can be considerable.

Single Survey

3. Accessibility information

Guidance notes on accessibility information

Three steps or fewer to a main entrance door of the property:

In flatted developments the 'main entrance' would be the flat's own entrance door, not the external door to the communal stair. The 'three steps or fewer' are counted from external ground level to the flat's entrance door. Where a lift is present, the count is based on the number of steps climbed when using the lift.

Unrestricted parking within 25 metres:

For this purpose, 'Unrestricted parking' includes parking available by means of a parking permit. Restricted parking includes parking that is subject to parking restrictions, as indicated by the presence of solid yellow, red or white lines at the edge of the road or by a parking control sign, parking meters or other coin-operated machines.

1. Which floor(s) is the living accommodation on?	Ground, First and Attic
2. Are there three steps or fewer to a main entrance door of the property?	Yes X No
3. Is there a lift to the main entrance door of the property?	Yes No X
4. Are all door openings greater than 750mm?	Yes No X
5. Is there a toilet on the same level as the living room and kitchen?	Yes No X
6. Is there a toilet on the same level as a bedroom?	Yes X No
7. Are all rooms on the same level with no internal steps or stairs?	Yes No X
8. Is there unrestricted parking within 25 metres of an entrance door to the building?	Yes X No

Single Survey

4. Valuation and conveyancer issues

This section highlights information that should be checked with a solicitor or licensed conveyancer. It also gives an opinion of market value and an estimated reinstatement cost for insurance purposes.

Matters for a solicitor or licensed conveyancer

Rights and responsibilities for all mutual parts should be confirmed.

Estimated reinstatement cost for insurance purposes

£476,000 (FOUR HUNDRED AND SEVENTY SIX THOUSAND POUNDS).

It should be noted this sum is an estimate calculated by using a rate per square metre based on information provided by Building Cost Information Service (BCIS).

Valuation and market comments

£95,000 (NINETY FIVE THOUSAND POUNDS).

Against a backdrop of changing economic circumstances and increasing interest rates, it is not possible to predict how the market will perform in the coming months although market conditions continue to be stable at present.

My valuation assumes that the cost of essential repairs will not exceed £5,000. If this proves to be the case, I reserve the right to review my valuation.

Signed	Security Print Code [597865 = 6031] Electronically signed
	<u></u>
Report author	Lesley Coghill
Company name	DM Hall LLP
Address	Hope House, Castlehill Drive, Cradlehall Business Park, Inverness, IV2 5GH
Date of report	10th November 2023



Property Address	
Address Seller's Name Date of Inspection	55 Willowbank, Wick, KW1 4NZ Mr Brian Thorogood (Executry) 31st October 2023
Property Details	
Property Type	X House Bungalow Purpose built maisonette Converted maisonette Purpose built flat Converted flat Tenement flat Flat over non-residential use Other (specify in General Remarks)
Property Style	□ Detached □ Semi detached □ Mid terrace □ End terrace □ Back to back □ High rise block □ Low rise block □ Other (specify in General Remarks)
Does the surveyor be e.g. local authority, m	elieve that the property was built for the public sector, Yes X No nilitary, police?
Flats/Maisonettes on Approximate Year of	No. of units in block
Tenure	
X Absolute Ownership	Leasehold Ground rent £ Unexpired years
Accommodation	
Number of Rooms	1 Living room(s) 4 Bedroom(s) 1 Kitchen(s) 1 Bathroom(s) WC(s) Other (Specify in General remarks)
	cluding garages and outbuildings) 113 m² (Internal) m² (External)
Residential Element ((greater than 40%) X Yes No
Garage / Parking /	Outbuildings
Single garage Available on site?	□ Double garage □ Parking space X No garage / garage space / parking space □ Yes □ No
Permanent outbuildin	igs:
None.	

Construction							
Walls	Brick	X Stone	Concrete	Timber frame	Othe	r (specify in Gen	eral Remarks)
Roof	X Tile	Slate	Asphalt	Felt	Othe	r (specify in Gen	eral Remarks)
Special Risks							
Has the property	suffered struc	tural moveme	nt?			X Yes	No
If Yes, is this rece	nt or progress	sive?				Yes	X No
Is there evidence, immediate vicinity		ason to antici _l	pate subsidence	, heave, landslip o	or flood in the	e Yes	X No
If Yes to any of the	e above, prov	ride details in	General Remark	S.			
Service Connec	ctions						
Based on visual ir of the supply in G			ces appear to be	e non-mains, pleas	se comment	on the type a	nd location
Drainage	X Mains	Private	None	Water	X Mains	Private	None
Electricity	X Mains	Private	None	Gas	Mains	Private	X None
Central Heating	X Yes	Partial	None				
Brief description of	of Central Hea	iting:					
Solid fuel wet sy	stem.						
Site							
Apparent legal iss	sues to be ver	ified by the co	nvevancer. Ple	ase provide a brie	f description	in General R	emarks.
Rights of way	X Shared driv	•	_	amenities on separate	_	red service conn	
Ill-defined boundar			ural land included w			er (specify in Ge	neral Remarks)
Location							
Residential suburb	X Re	sidential within to	wn / city Mixe	ed residential / comme	rcial Mai	nly commercial	
Commuter village	Re	mote village	Isola	ated rural property	Oth	er (specify in Ge	neral Remarks)
Planning Issues	6						
Has the property I	been extende	d / converted	/ altered?	Yes X No			
If Yes provide det	ails in Genera	al Remarks.					
Roads							
X Made up road	Unmade roa	d Partly	completed new road	Pedestrian a	ccess only	Adopted	Unadopted

General Remarks
The property stands in a condition now requiring a programme of modernisation and upgrading. In addition to essential repairs noted below, items requiring attention should be capable of remedy during the course of normal routine maintenance.
Essential Repairs
Investigation/repair of dampness within the property. 2. Woodworm treatment, as necessary. 3. Attention to trees to the rear garden. Authorized to the rear garden
Estimated cost of essential repairs £ TBC Retention recommended? X Yes No Amount £ 5,000

Comment on Mortgagea	bility	
The property provides ade	equate security for mortgage purposes, subject to individual lender criteria	
Valuations		
Market value in present con Market value on completion Insurance reinstatement va (to include the cost of total in Is a reinspection necessary	of essential repairs lue rebuilding, site clearance, professional fees, ancillary charges plus VAT)	£ 95,000 £ 100,000 £ 476,000
Buy To Let Cases		
month Short Assured Tenai	ge of monthly rental income for the property assuming a letting on a 6 ncy basis? There there is a steady demand for rented accommodation of this type?	£ Yes No
Declaration		
Signed Surveyor's name	Security Print Code [597865 = 6031] Electronically signed by:- Lesley Coghill	
Professional qualifications	BSc (Hons) MRICS	
Company name	DM Hall LLP	
Address	Hope House, Castlehill Drive, Cradlehall Business Park, Inverness, IV2	5GH
Telephone	01463 241077	
Fax	01463 233627	
Report date	10th November 2023	

PROPERTY QUESTIONNAIRE





Property Address	55 WILLOWBANK WICK CAITHNESS KW1 4NZ
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Seller(s)	MR THOROGOOD'S EXCY
Completion date of Property Questionnaire	10/11/2023

Note for sellers

- Please complete this form carefully. It is important your answers are correct.
- The information in your answers will help ensure that the sale of your house goes smoothly. Please answer each question with as much detailed information as you can.
- If anything changes after you fill in this questionnaire but before the date of entry for the sale of your house, tell you solicitor or estate agent immediately.

Information to be given to prospective buyer(s)

1.	Length of Ownership	
	How long have you owned the 30+ YEARS	ne property?
2.	Council Tax	
	Which Council Tax band is y	our property in?
	A B C D E F G H	
3.	Parking	
	What are the arrangements	for parking at your property?
	(Please tick all that apply)	
	Garage	
	Allocated parking space	
	Driveway	
	On street	
	Resident Permit	
	Metered parking	
	Shared parking	
	Other (please specify)	

	Conservation area	
	Is your property in a designated Conservation Area (that is an area of special architectural or historical interest, the character or appearance of which it is desirable to preserve or enhance)?	No
5.	Listed buildings	
	Is your property a Listed Building, or contained within one (that is a building recognised and approved as being of special architectural or historical interest)?	No
6.	Alterations/Additions/Extensions	
a.	(i) During your time in the property, have you carried out any structural alterations, additions or extensions (for example provision of an extra bath/shower room, toilet or bedroom)? If you have answered yes, please describe below the changes which you have made: FRONT PORCH	Yes
	(ii) Did you obtain planning permission, building warrant, completion certificate and other consents for this work? If you have answered yes, the relevant documents will be needed by the purchaser and you should give them to your solicitor as soon as possible for checking If you do not have the documents yourself, please note below who has these documents and your solicitor or estate agent will arrange to obtain them.	N/A
b.	Have you had replacement windows, doors, patio doors or double-glazing installed in your property? If you have answered yes, please answer the three questions below:	No
	(i) Were the replacements the same shape and type as the ones you replaced?	N/A
	(ii) Did this work involve any changes to the window or door openings?	N/A
	(iii) Please describe the changes made to the windows doors, or patio doors (with approximate dates when the work was completed):	

	Is there a central heating system in your property? (Note: a partial central heating system is one which does not heat all the main rooms of the property — the main living room, the bedroom(s), the hall and the bathroom).	Yes
	If you have answered yes or partial – what kind of central heating is there?	
	SOLID FUEL	
	(examples: gas-fired, solid fuel, electric storage heating, gas-warm air).	
	If you have answered yes, please answer the three questions below:	
	(i) When was your central heating system or partial central heating system installed?	
	UNKNOWN	
	(ii) Do you have a maintenance contract for the central heating system?	No
	If you have answered yes, please give details of the company with which you have a maintenance contract:	
	(iii) When was your maintenance agreement last renewed? (Please provide the month and year).	
8.	Energy Performance Certificate	
	Does your property have an Energy Performance Certificate, which is less than 10 years old?	No
9.	Issues that may have affected your property	
a.	Has there been any storm, flood, fire or other structural damage to your property while you have owned it?	No
_	If you have answered yes, is the damage the subject of any outstanding insurance claim?	Please select
b.	Are you aware of the existence of asbestos in your property?	No
	If you have answered yes, please give details:	
4.5		
10.	Services	

a.	Please tick which services are connected supplier:			
	Services	Connected	Supplier	
	Gas or liquid petroleum gas			
	Water mains or private water supply			
	Electricity	\boxtimes		
	Mains drainage			
	Telephone	\boxtimes		
	Cable TV or satellite			
	Broadband			
b.	Is there a septic tank system at your p		Same Instance	No
	If you have answered yes, please answer the two questions below: (i) Do you have appropriate consents for the discharge from your septic tank?			N/A
				IVA
	(ii) Do you have a maintenance contract for your septic tank?			N/A
	If you have answered yes, please give de have a maintenance contract:			

11.	Responsibilities for shared or common areas	
a.	Are you aware of any responsibility to contribute to the cost of anything used jointly, such as the repair of a shared drive, private road, boundary, or garden area? If you have answered yes, please give details:	Don't Know
b.	Is there a responsibility to contribute to repair and maintenance of the roof, common stairwell or other common areas?	N/A
	If you have answered yes, please give details:	
C.	Has there been any major repair or replacement of any part of the roof during the time you have owned the property?	No
d.	Do you have the right to walk over any of your neighbours' property - for example to put out your rubbish bin or to maintain your boundaries? If you have answered yes, please give details:	No
e.	As far as you are aware, do any of your neighbours have the right to walk over your property, for example to put out their rubbish bin or to maintain their boundaries? If you have answered yes, please give details: TO TAKE BINS OUT	Yes

f.	As far as you are aware, is there a public right of way across any part of your property (public right of way is a way over privately-owned)?	No
	If you have answered yes, please give details:	
12.	Charges associated with your property	
a.	Is there a factor or property manager for your property?	No
	If you have answered yes, please provide the name and address, and give details of any deposit held and approximate charges:	
b.	Is there a common buildings insurance policy?	No
	If you have answered yes, is the cost of the insurance included in your monthly/annual factor's charges?	N/A
c.	Please give details of any other charges you have to pay on a regular basis for the upkeep of common areas or repair works, for example to a residents' association, or maintenance or stair fund.	

13.	Specialist works	
a.	As far as you are aware, has treatment of dry rot, wet rot, damp or any other specialist work ever been carried out to your property? If you have answered yes, please say what the repairs were for, whether you carried out the repairs (and when) or if they were done before you bought the property:	No
b.	As far as you were aware, has any preventative work for dry rot, wet rot, or damp, ever been carried out to your property? If you have answered yes, please give details:	No
C.	If you have answered yes to 13(a) or (b), do you have any guarantees relating to this work? If you have answered yes these guarantees will be needed by the purchaser and should be given to your solicitor as soon as possible for checking. If you do not have them yourself please write below who has these documents and your solicitor or estate agent will arrange for them to be obtained. You will also need to provide a description of the work carried out. This may be shown in the original estimate. Guarantees are held by:	N/A

14.	Guarantees				
a.	a. Are there any guarantees or warranties for any of the following:				
	(i)	No			
(ii) Roofing		Roofing	No		
	(iii) Central heating		No		
	(iv)	National House Building Council (NHBC)	No		
	(v)	Damp course	No		
	(vi)	Any other work or installations (for example, cavity wall insulation, underpinning, indemnity policy)	No		
b.		we answered yes or 'with title deeds', please give details of the work or ons to which the guarantee(s) relate(s):			
C.		e any outstanding claims under any of the guarantees listed above? ve answered yes, please give details:	No		
15.	Boundar				
	last 10 ye	you are aware, has any boundary of your property been moved in the ears? ve answered yes, please give details:	Don't know		

16.	Notices that affect your property	
	In the past three years have you ever received a notice:	
a.	advising that the owner of a neighbouring property has made a planning application?	No
b.	that affects your property in some other way?	No
C.	that requires you to do any maintenance, repairs or improvements to your property?	No
	If you have answered yes to any of a-c above, please give the notices to your solicitor or estate agent, including any notices which arrive at any time before the date of entry of the purchaser of your property.	

Declaration by the seller(s)/or other authorised body or person(s)				
I/We confirm that the	information in this form is true and correct t	o the best of my/our knowledge and belief.		
Signature(s):		-		
Date:				



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